### WasteDataFlow GN16 - How to report organic waste

This fact sheet summarises where to enter data about organic waste within WasteDataFlow.

This relates to <u>organic waste which is collected source separated</u> and where tonnages are entered into the material-specific entries for: *Green garden waste, Food waste only, Mixed garden and food waste, Wood for composting and Other compostable waste.* 

For further information on how <u>organic material produced as an output from a residual waste treatment</u> **process** should be recorded please see the FAQ section below and GN63 – Qu100 Data Entry

The exception to this is in Qu18 where non-source-segregated organic material, e.g. from clearance of fly-tipping or from maintenance of grounds and parks, which is sent for recycling or composting should be recorded.

There are a number of other wood-related Material categories that are not classed as Organic waste within WDF: These are: Wood, Chipboard and MDF and Composite wood materials. These should be treated as dry recyclates if collected for recycling.

Collection						
Collection Source	LA Type	Question	Comments			
Collection of household organic waste from kerbside	UA, WCA	10 or 12	This is any organic waste materials collected from the household at the kerbside by the LA or its contractor (Qu10), or the voluntary/ community sector (Qu12).			
Collection of household organic waste via CA sites.	UA/WCA	16	This is any organic waste materials collected from household sources			
	WDA	14	the CA site by the LA or its contractor.			
Collection of non-household organic waste at CA sites.	UA, WCA	11	This is any organic waste materials collected from non-household sources at the CA site by the LA or its contractor.			
Collection of non- household organic waste.	UA, WDA, WCA	11	This is any organic waste materials collected from commercial, industrial or other non-household sources by the LA or its contractor.			
Collection of organic waste from bring sites.	UA, WCA	17 or 33	This is organic waste materials collected from bring sites from the LA or its contractor (Qu17) or through voluntary groups (Qu33).			
Collection of organic waste from street recycling bins.	UA, WCA	34	This is organic waste materials collected from street recycling bins by the LA or its contractor.			
Collection of organic waste through any other scheme.	UA, WCA	18	To include, for example, green waste from municipal sources. The household/non-household split in Q18 is for the purposes of calculating National Indicators. Waste sent for composting should be reported in the "Municipal Parks and Grounds" row. For example, green waste from parks and grounds must be reported in the non-household column.  Material from the clearance of fly-tipping is recorded as non-household in the Other method row. (Note – non-household tonnages are calculated from data entered in the Tonnage from household sources and Total tonnage columns.)  Note – back-allocated recyclates (including organic and inorganic materials) extracted from material such as street sweepings were previously recorded in Qu18 but since the use of Qu100 this is no longer the case. Please refer to the section on Back Allocation in the guidance note: GN63: Question 100 Data Entry for further details.			
Collection of material for treatment by WDA from which recyclates are back-allocated to WCA	WCA WDA	23	This system of recording material allows the WCA to benefit from the extraction of recyclable materials from residual waste they collect but the treatment of which is managed by their WDA.  The total tonnage collected (residual, recyclate and any moisture loss) should be recorded in Qu23 under the appropriate collection method. The WCA records only the back-allocated recycled outputs (which can be organic and/or inorganic materials) in Qu100 as "Material from WDA". See also GN63: Question 100 Data Entry for more information.  The WDA records the total tonnage collected in Qu23 and all of the material in Qu100 against the appropriate facility/process type. See also GN63: Question 100 Data Entry for more details.			

GN16 v7.0d 18/10/16 1 of 4

## WasteDataFlow

#### Collection

In all cases: *Tonnage collected for recycling but actually rejected/disposed*" – rejections should only include any material rejected by LA or contractors **at the point of collection** in Questions 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, 33 and 34).

Qu100 Treatment/Disposal (tonnage inputs)						
Facility/Process Type						
WCA, WDA, UA		Generally speaking this Facility/process type should NOT be used in Qu100 for organic materials as it is only used to record dry recyclates.				
		The only exception to this is if a local authority collects material for recycling (for example Wood collected at its HRWCs) but where the material is not able to be recycled (e.g. for commercial reasons) and is, instead sent for incineration with or without energy recovery. The material has been recorded in a collection question indicating it was collected for recycling but the only input waste types available for incinerators in Qu100 is Residual waste. Rejecting the material in the collection question would mean the material is assumed to be landfilled in the NI193 calculation.				
		In this case in Qu100 the tonnage sent should be recorded against Reprocessor – recycling (Qu19) with the tonnage input recorded as the appropriate material type (e.g. Wood) in the Material box. The tonnage sent to incineration should be recorded as a New output going to Output/waste type "Contamination (gate rejects)" with the Facility/process type Incineration with energy recovery or Incineration without energy recovery. Note – the outputs from the incinerator; Process loss, Process rejects, and Incinerator Bottom Ash (IBA) including metals from IBA, will also need to be recorded in order to complete the branch.				
Organic material sent for recycling/composting: Reprocessor – recycling (Qu19) or Exporter – recycling (Qu19)		This is illustrated in the example below: 100 tonnes of wood is sent to a Reprocessor, which rejects the whole tonnage to incineration with energy recovery. The outputs from the incinerator are also recorded, which includes 85 tonnes of IBA sent for reprocessing, 10 tonnes of IBA sent to landfill and 5 tonnes of process loss. If the outputs from the incinerator are not known the whole tonnage output from the incinerator should be recorded as process loss with a note in the comments stating the incinerator outputs are not known at this stage. Please contact the incinerator for further information.				
		Reprocessor - recycling (qu19) : 100 Tonnes  Source segregated recyclate : Biffa Waste Management Ltd 30190				
		Incineration with energy recovery : 100 Tonnes  Contamination (gate rejects)  Lakeside Energy From Waste Limited				
		Reprocessor - recycling (qu19) : 85 Tonnes  Incinerator bottom ash Other/Exempt				
		Final Destination : 85 Tonnes Incinerator bottom ash Lakeside Energy From Waste Limited				
		Inert landfill : 10 Tonnes  Incinerator bottom ash Biffa UK Waste Management Group				
		Where material is sent directly overseas for incineration and is recorded against the Facility/process type Exporter – recycling (Qu19) then it is likely that the Facility will not be listed on the WDF selection list. In this case, you should use the appropriate Outside UK facility (Outside UK –EU or Outside UK – nonEU).				
	UA, WDA, WCA	Previously a WDA would have recorded the tonnages relating to not only its own activities but the activities of its WCAs as well. In Qu100 the method of treatment is recorded by the WCA so the WDA no longer needs to record the composting activity of its WCAs. WDAs should now only record the tonnages relating to composting of materials it has collected. WCAs will now need to record the				

GN16 v7.0d 18/10/16 2 of 4

## WasteDataFlow

Out 100 Treatment (Dispersed (tempersed in perf						
Qu100 Treatment/Disposal (tonnage inputs)						
Facility/Process Type	LA Type	Comments				
Organic material		treatment of their own material sent for composting in their return.				
treated/disposed of by anaerobic digestion: Anaerobic or Aerobic Digestion Segregated –		The only organic waste stream input types available to this type of facility are: Food Waste, Green waste and Mixed green and food waste. The Materials box will show these categories plus Other compostable waste and Wood for composting.				
(Qu61), in-vessel composting: In-vessel composting (Qu62) or windrow composting: Windrow/other		The requirement is to report as far as rejections occurring at the gate of the facility (labelled as Contamination (gate rejects) in Qu100). There is no requirement to report rejections which occur beyond this point, i.e. contamination process rejections, process loss or moisture loss which occur during the organic waste treatment process. See FAQs about Organic waste below.				
composting (Qu63).		This is illustrated in the example below: 100 tonnes of material has been sent to windrow or other composting, where 10 tonnes is rejected at the gate before being accepted into the facility and sent to landfill and the final reprocessing destination for the remaining 90 tonnes is the windrow or other composting facility.				
		Windrow or other composting (qu63) : 100 Tonnes Green waste : Hills Waste Solutions Limited BK0418IS				
		Final Destination : 90 Tonnes Composting				
		Non-hazardous landfill : 10 Tonnes  Contamination (gate rejects)  Hills Waste Solutions Limited				
Recyclates back- allocated from the treatment of WCA-	WCA	While the total collected tonnage should be recorded by the WCA in qu23, only the recycled tonnage is recorded by the WCA in Qu100.				
collected residual waste by WDA: <i>Material from</i> <i>WDA</i>		This is illustrated in the example below: 25 tonnes of material is back-allocated from the WDA and is sent to two different reprocessors (A and B).				
,,,,,,		Back allocated material  Material From WDA : 25 Tonnes Residual waste : Other/Exempt N/A				
		Reprocessor - recycling (qu19) : 15 Tonnes  Dry recyclate Other/Exempt				
		Final Destination : 15 Tonnes Dry recyclate				
		Reprocessor - recycling (qu19) : 10 Tonnes  Compost like output Other/Exempt				
		Final Destination : 10 Tonnes Compost like output				
		Organics extracted from the residual waste stream and reprocessed should be reported under the Output Waste Type: Compost Like Output in the Waste Details box and as Other Compostable Waste in the Materials list.				
	WDA	As stated above the WDA is to record tonnages in the same way as they would if back- allocation were not occurring. See also GN63: Question 100 Data Entry for more information regarding back-				
		allocation.				

GN16 v7.0d 18/10/16 3 of 4

# WasteDataFlow

#### **FAQs about Organic Waste**

Question	Answer
	Any green waste used as landfill daily cover/capping is classed as disposal.
The green waste we collect is used on landfill sites - can this be included in the recycling questions?	These tonnages should be recorded in Q23 under the appropriate category and then in Qu100 under the appropriate landfill Facility/process type (Qu51-53) (WDA/UA).
	If the green waste is being used for landfill restoration and the use complies with the condition of a land use planning consent and waste management licence or exemption then this can count toward landfill diversion. The tonnage should be included in the appropriate recycling question in WasteDataFlow and the end destination of the material and tonnage should be recorded in Qu100 under the appropriate composting Facility/process type (Q61-63).
Rejects are occurring at various stages of the	Any rejections occurring at the point of collection will be recorded in the collection question as Material collected for recycling but actually rejected/disposed.
composting/anaerobic digestor process. How should these be captured in WasteDataFlow?	Tonnages rejected at the point of collection and recorded in the collection question should <b>not</b> be included in the tonnage input in Qu100.
	Material rejected at the gate of the facility should be reported as output type Contamination (gate rejects) with the appropriate Facility/process type. The rejected tonnage should be recorded against the same material type as was input into the facility.
	For source-segregated organics there is no requirement to report beyond gate rejections i.e. contamination process rejections, process loss or moisture loss which occur during the organic waste treatment process.
	If the rejected material is sent to landfill no further steps are required as landfills are classed as final destinations. If the material is sent to incineration, the outputs from the incinerator, if known, need to be recorded and incinerator branches completed with Final destination nodes for any destinations other than landfill. If no information is available then the incinerator branch should be finished with a process loss node)
As a WDA do we need to record the treatment of organic waste collected by the WCAs?	WCAs now report the treatment/disposal of their own organic waste <b>collected for recycling</b> in Qu100. The WDA should only record in Qu100 the tonnages relating to composting it has collected and treated.
	WDAs will record the disposal or treatment of WCAs <b>residual</b> wastes, which may contain an element of organic wastes in Qu100. This includes cases where residual material (e.g. street sweepings or leaf sweeping collections) is treated and the recyclate tonnages are back-allocated to the WCAs that collected the material.
	See also GN63: Question 100 Data Entry for more information regarding back- allocation of recyclates from the treatment of residual wastes.
We have organic material to record as the output from a residual waste treatment process. Do the same rules apply?	If organic material is recorded as the output from a residual waste treatment facility (e.g. MBT or Other method) being sent to an organic treatment facility (AD, IVC or Windrow or other) then, where the information is available, you should record process rejects and moisture loss occurring after the materials have been accepted into the facility (as well as gate rejects) in the organic treatment facility branch.

GN16 v7.0d 18/10/16 Page 4 of 4